

# Extra Office Hours

today 1-3

tomorrow 2-4

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Things To Know →

## Basics

- How to solve linear systems with matrices
- How to tell whether a system has unique, no, or infinitely many solutions
- Applications! balancing chemical equations and circuits

# Vectors

- What an  $n$ -vector is
- How to add and scalar-multiply vectors
- The definitions of span and linear independence for vectors
- How to tell when a vector is in the span of others (matrix)

- How to tell whether a set of vectors is linearly independent (matrix)
- The dot product of vectors
- Orthogonality: the definition and how to find vectors orthogonal to a given vector
- angle between vectors

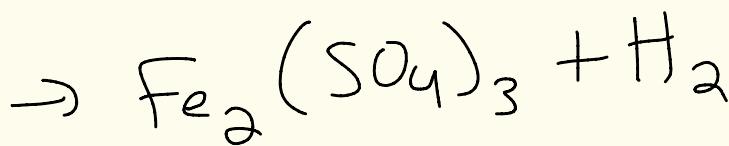
- Norms : definition  
and examples

# Matrices

- What  $m \times n$  means ( $m$  rows,  $n$  columns)
- How to act on an  $n$ -vector by an  $m \times n$  matrix
- rref : what it means and how to find it
- How to add ( $m \times n$  to  $m \times n$ ) and matrix-multiply ( $n \times k$  by  $m \times n$ ) matrices

- linearity for matrices
- transpose of a matrix -  
the definition and  
how to find it.

## Practice



Sulfuric Acid ( $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ )

Combines with Iron (Fe)

(Ferric)

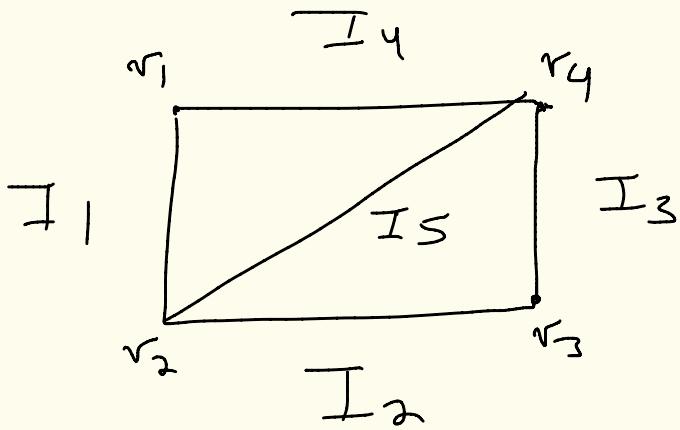
to produce Iron<sup>V</sup> Sulfate

( $\text{Fe}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$ ) and

Hydrogen (H)

Balance the equation.

2)



Fill in a choice of  
batteries and resistors,  
calculate current &  
potential differences.